

## IN THE CLAIMS

Cancel claims 11 – 14 and 17 – 19 without prejudice.

Claims 1-14 (Cancelled)

15.(Previously Presented) A method for operating a printer or copier device, comprising the steps of:

acquiring at least one optical property of the print image carrier to be printed with a print image with a sensor;  
setting at least one printing parameter dependent on an output signal of the sensor;  
printing the print image carrier in a printing event utilizing the at least one print parameter that has been set;  
acquiring light scatter of a surface of the print image carrier with an optical sensor;  
prescribing printing parameters that determine one of a raster tonal value and a gray scale value and dimensions of fine print details dependent on the acquired light scatter;  
printing a raster toner mark onto the print image carrier; and  
acquiring light that is one of reflected and scattered back in a region of the raster toner mark with the optical sensor.

16. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 15, wherein the raster toner mark is applied utilizing the at least one printing parameter that has been previously defined dependent on one of a gray scale value and a color locus of the print image carrier.

Claims 17 – 19 (Cancelled)

20. (Previously Presented) A printer or copier device, comprising:  
a printer unit for printing a print image carrier according to predetermined printing parameters;

a sensor unit for acquiring at least one optical or mechanical property of the print image carrier to be printed;

a control unit that sets at least one printing parameter dependent on an output signal of the sensor unit;

given gray scale printing, a brightness sensor which acquires a gray scale value of the print image carrier so that at least one printing parameter that influences generation of the gray levels is set dependent on an output signal of the brightness sensor;

given color printing, a color sensor which acquires a color locus of the print image carrier to that rated color densities of colors to be printed are determined with predetermined color transformation relationships that allocate rated color densities for color separations employed in the printing to the acquired color loci;

a roughness sensor to sense roughness of a surface of the print image carrier so that toner quantity to be applied onto the print image carrier is set dependent on an output signal of the roughness sensor;

a control to modify printing parameters such that size of picture elements of the print image on the print image carrier remains approximately the same;

an optical sensor to sense light scatter of the surface of the print image carrier;

a raster toner mark is printed onto the print image carrier so that light reflected the raster toner mark is acquired with the optical sensor;

printing parameters that determine at least one of raster tonal value and gray scale value and dimensions of fine print details being prescribed dependent on acquired light scatter.